

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

George Skabardonis

Plaintiff

-against-

Midland Credit Management, Inc.

Defendant

Docket No.

**COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR
JURY TRIAL**

Unlawful Debt Collection Practices

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED

Plaintiff, by his attorney Joseph Mauro, complaining of the Defendant respectfully alleges and shows to the Court as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Defendant debt collector violated the Plaintiff's right to privacy in an attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt. The Defendant persistently telephoned the Plaintiff's phone despite the Plaintiff's numerous written demands to stop calling. The Defendant has been sued hundreds of times for this conduct, but continues to engage in the illegal practice.

2. This is an action for damages brought by an individual consumer for Defendant's violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq. (hereinafter "FDCPA").

3. According to 15 U.S.C. 1692:

- (a) There is abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors. Abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to **invasions of individual privacy**. (emphasis added)

- (b) Existing laws and procedures for redressing these injuries are inadequate to protect consumers.
- (c) Means other than misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices are available for the effective collection of debts.
- (d) Abusive debt collection practices are carried on to a substantial extent in interstate commerce and through means and instrumentalities of such commerce. Even where abusive debt collection practices are purely intrastate in character, they nevertheless directly affect interstate commerce.
- (e) It is the purpose of this title to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under 15 U.S.C Section 1692k (d); 28 U.S.C Section 1331 and or 18 U.S.C. Section 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that the Defendant transacts business here, and the conduct that is the subject of this complaint occurred here.

III. PARTIES

5. Plaintiff, is a natural person residing in New York County. Plaintiff is a consumer as defined by the FDCPA. The alleged debt that Defendant was trying to collect was a consumer debt in that it was a consumer credit card that was used for Plaintiff's personal goods and services, and not for any business related purpose.

6. Defendant, Midland Credit Management, Inc. ("Midland") is a foreign corporation authorized to do business in New York State. The principal purpose of Defendant is the collection of debts using the mails and telephone, and Defendant regularly attempts to collect debts alleged to be due another.

7. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. Section 1692a(6).

IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Plaintiff repeats paragraphs "1" through "7" as if fully restated herein.

9. Within the one year immediately preceding this complaint, the Defendant called the Plaintiff repeatedly on Plaintiff's telephone number, despite the Plaintiff's written demands to stop calling.

10. The Defendant is a debt collector whose primary business is the collection of consumer debt.

11. The Plaintiff wrote the Defendant several letters disputing the alleged debt and demanding that the Defendant cease and desist their efforts to collect the alleged debt.

12. Despite Plaintiff demands, the Defendant continued to call the Plaintiff.

13. The Defendant's calling campaign was harassing and persistent in that the Defendant knew that the Plaintiff disputed the alleged debt, and knew that the Plaintiff did not want to receive any phone calls. The Defendant nevertheless continued to call the Plaintiff multiple times a day.

14. The Defendant refused to stop calling the Plaintiff.

15. Despite the Plaintiff's demands to stop calling, the Defendant called the Plaintiff over 50 times.

16. The Defendant has been sued hundreds of times for this type of debt collection harassment, but the Defendant continues to engage in the conduct. The Defendant's conduct was harassing, annoying, and abusive in that the Defendant had been instructed to

stop calling, but continued to call in an attempt to wear down the Plaintiff and make him pay the alleged debt.

V. CAUSE OF ACTION UNDER THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION

PRACTICES ACT

17. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges and incorporates by reference to the foregoing paragraphs.

18. Defendant's actions as described herein violated the following provisions of the FDCPA:

- a. 15 USC 1692d
- b. 15 USC 1692d(5)
- c. 15 USC 1692c(a)
- d. 15 USC 1692c(c)
- e. 15 USC 1692d(e)

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered against Defendant, for the following:

- 1. Actual damages under the FDCPA;
- 2. Statutory damages pursuant to the FDCPA;
- 3. Costs and reasonable attorney's fees
- 4. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

The Law Office of Joseph Mauro, LLC
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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Please take notice that plaintiffs demand trial by jury in this action.

/s/ Joseph M. Mauro
Attorney for Plaintiff